Bureau of Indian Affairs, Interior

- (b) Unless otherwise stated in an Indian LTAP agreement, an Indian technical assistance program center must, at a minimum:
- (1) Maintain a current mailing list including, at a minimum, each tribe and IRR Program participant within the service area;
- (2) Publish a quarterly newsletter and maintain a Web site;
- (3) Conduct or coordinate 10 workshops per year;
- (4) Maintain a library of technical publications and video tapes;
- (5) Provide technical assistance to IRR Program participants;
- (6) Hold two advisory committee meetings a year;
- (7) Develop a yearly action plan in consultation with the advisory committee;
- (8) Coordinate with State LTAPs, other Indian technical centers, Rural Technical Assistance Program (RTAP) centers, tribal governments, and local planning and transportation agencies to share and exchange publications, videotapes, training material, and conduct joint workshops;
- (9) Consult with tribes and IRR Program participants concerning technical assistance and training desired; and
- (10) Prepare an annual report and distribute this report to service area tribes.

§ 170.167 How does a tribe obtain services from an Indian LTAP center?

A tribe that wants to obtain services should contact the Indian LTAP center serving its service area or its BIA regional road engineer. Information about the centers and the services provided can be found on the World Wide Web at the following address: http://www.ltap.org.

§ 170.168 Do Indian LTAP centers offer services similar to those of State LTAPs?

Yes. However, Indian LTAP centers are primarily responsible for increasing the capacity of tribal governments to administer transportation programs. State LTAPs also provide services to local and rural governments, including tribal governments. Indian LTAP centers should coordinate education and

training opportunities with State LTAP centers to maximize resources.

§ 170.169 What can a tribe do if Indian LTAP services are unsatisfactory?

A tribal government can address concerns over quality of services to the Indian LTAP Center Director, FHWA, and BIA. If the center does not adequately address these concerns in writing within 30 calendar days, the tribal government may request any or all of the following:

- (a) A special meeting with the Center's Director and staff to address the concern:
- (b) A review of the Center's performance by FHWA and BIA or;
- (c) Services from other Indian LTAP centers.

§ 170.170 How are Indian LTAP centers managed?

- (a) Each Indian LTAP center is managed by its Center Director and staff, with the advice of its technical panel under the Indian LTAP agreements. FHWA, BIA, and tribes review the performance of the Indian LTAP centers.
- (b) Each Indian LTAP center has a technical panel consisting of one BIA Regional Road Engineer, one FHWA representative, one state DOT representative, and at least five tribal representatives from the service area. The technical panel may, among other activities:
 - (1) Recommend center policies;
- (2) Review and approve the annual action plan for submission to FHWA for approval;
- (3) Provide direction on the areas of technical assistance and training;
- (4) Review and approve the annual report for submission to FHWA for approval:
- (5) Develop recommendations for improving center operation services and budgets; and
- (6) Assist in developing goals and plans for obtaining or using supplemental funding.
- (c) The technical panel must meet at least twice a year. Tribal representatives may request IRR Program funding to cover the cost of participating in these committee meetings.